

WELCOME TO JASPER FARMERS' MARKET 2022
Sponsored by the Greater Downtown Jasper Business Association

MARKET HISTORY

The Jasper Farmers' Market started in 2005 in a corner parking lot on Hwy 231 & 3rd Street. In 2007, it moved north of the Jasper Train Depot under the historic oak tree at the intersection of Jackson St & 3rd Avenue. In 2022, it moved again, to the parking lot behind the Thyen-Clark Cultural Center.

MISSION STATEMENT

The market's purpose is to provide income for local producers, fresh and local products for customers, and a gathering place to help create and develop a greater sense of community. It provides an opportunity for growers, bakers, crafters and artisans to sell goods grown, baked, and created by themselves or their immediate families.

The market relies on the honesty and integrity of each vendor to sustain the market's spirit.

WHAT IS NEW THIS YEAR?

As mentioned, the market has moved. We will be behind the Thyen-Clark Cultural Center off 4th street.

Also, after a huge season last year with a lot of new vendors and relocating to a new space this season, a board of directors was created to help make decisions and manage the market. They are Joe & Tammy Huddleston, Darrin & Shannon Graber, Chris & Angie Hasenour, Doris Hulsman, and Leah Beckman.

We are also adopting some new terms to help identify participants where current terms like "Season Vendors" are a bit ambiguous.

- Member or Member Vendor – A vendor that has paid for the whole season.
- Guest or Guest Vendor – A vendor that pays only when participating regardless of frequency.
- Participant – This term includes vendors, entertainment, info booths, etc.
- Friend – Someone at the market, but not a participant (e.g., a shopper)

JOIN US

Please review all the enclosed pages and if you would like to participate, sign the vendor agreement and mail with your check payable to: GDJBA. Send to: PO Box 307, Jasper, IN 47547-0307.

QUESTIONS

Contact Joe Huddleston

Phone: (812) 630-6085

Email: joe@jasperfarmersmarket.com

...or the Farmers' Market Facebook page (<http://www.facebook.com/JasperIndianaFarmersMarket>)

Please make a copy of the vendor agreement for your files & keep the other pages for reference.

See you at the Market!

The Farmer's Market Committee

The purpose of the GDJBA is to promote the continued vitality of downtown Jasper. Our belief is that the downtown districts are the hearts of communities, serving as a link to their heritage and traditions. A representation of the future, downtowns reflect the spirit of these communities. Start Downtown. Build Community.

2022 FARMERS' MARKET AERIAL VIEW & MAP



This is a tentative map.

The market will be set up in the red area with overflow continuing into the grass in the read area.

Assigned parking will be in the green area. More parking is available in Hosty's back parking lot (blue), along the east edge of the Cultural Center parking, and on 4th Street.



The proposed map will hold 44 spots.

2022 FARMERS' MARKET RULES & GUIDELINES

WHERE IS IT LOCATED?

For the 2022 season, the market will be behind the Thyen-Clark Cultural Center off 4th street.

WHEN DOES IT START?

May 28 - October 8, Every Saturday from 8AM - 12PM. 20 Saturdays.

WHAT IS THE COST?

\$65 for the season or \$5 per Saturday for a 10' X 10' space. Season vendors will receive an assigned space. Vendors participating late in the season may buy the remaining Saturdays to reserve a spot if that is less than the Season cost. Checks should be made payable to GDJBA and mailed to: PO Box 307, Jasper, IN 47547-0307

DOES THAT INCLUDE STRASSENFEST?

There will NOT be a market during Strassenfest, August 6, 2022.

WHAT CAN AND CANNOT BE SOLD?

POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS FOODS CANNOT BE SOLD without proper permits and/or tests. This means NO dairy, salsa, or meat without permits. Live fish are allowed. Vendors must follow all health department and packaging rules for farmers' markets and not store any food items directly on the ground. All vendors must follow state laws. See table 1 on page 4 for examples of foods permitted and prohibited (Reference HEA. 1309). Pet foods must be licensed by the Indiana State Chemist (Ind. Code 15-19-7).

Home Based Vendors may only sell produce grown, products created, or services rendered by the vendor or an immediate family member. The resell of other's items or retail items without modification is prohibited.

Hot Food Vendors are welcome. Vendors must comply with Dubois County Health Dept. by having a licensed kitchen if you live in Dubois County, a temporary food permit if you do not, or be otherwise exempt. Hot Food Vendors need to practice good food safety, have hand washing available, and proper disposal of waste products.

Vendors may not sell or give away live animals with the exception of fish.

CAN CHILDREN PARTICIPATE IN THE MARKET?

Children can participate on any weekend. However, on the first Saturday of each month, the Jasper Farmers' Market will host a Youth Market for children 12 years of age and younger that is free of charge. Items sold must conform to market rules and we ask that parents stay with their children.

Fund raiser booths are available to local youth/student groups that do not meet vendor requirements but would like a *one-time booth* to host a fund raiser through the sale of non-retail items or group endorsed goods (e.g., Girl Scout Cookies).

WHERE DO I PARK?

For a visual of parking, reference the map on the last page.

WHEN DO I SETUP?

Set up *officially* starts at 7AM. Vendors are responsible for set up, clean up, and close up. They must provide their own tables, chairs, tents, signage, etc. In the event you do not know where to set up, locate one of the board of directors to help. Members arriving after 7:15 am may find their space is not vacant.

Finally, **ALL CANOPIES ARE REQUIRED TO BE WEIGHED DOWN.** You can tie water jugs or buy weights designed for canopies, but with the market being in a parking lot it is imperative that canopies not fly away with a gust of wind.

MARKET BUCKS

Market bucks were created in 2017 with a grant from the Dubois County Community Foundation in an effort to fight food insecurity by introducing Fresh Bucks for certain food purchases for Dubois County residents that participate in WIC. Gift bucks are also available and can be used towards any purchase with vendors willing to accept them as payment.

FARMERS MARKET NUTRITION PROGRAM

Select vendors accept vouchers from the FMNC, a WIC program that also helps reduce food insecurity as well as encourage better food choices.

REGARDING THE CULTURAL CENTER

The Cultural Center has asked that we communicate a few things to participants and friends.

- Handicapped parking spots nearest the Cultural Center as well as the schoolhouse cannot be blocked.
- Do not block the driving lane for library drop off.
- Children 8 years old and under are required to have parental supervision in the Cultural Center.
- The Cultural Center does not operate with a full staff on weekends. Please keep that in mind before allowing any children to visit without a parent.

ANY OTHER RULES?

Be a good neighbor: no loud music or noise, no unruly behavior.

THANK YOU FOR PARTICIPATING! The market master will be there to answer questions.

**PURDUE UNIVERSITY COOPERATIVE EXTENSION
FACT SHEET ON HOUSE ENROLLED ACT (HEA) NO. 1309**

Date: July 15, 2009

**Dr. Richard Linton - Professor of Food Safety Purdue University
Scott Gilliam, MBA, CP-FS – Manager, Food Protection Program ISDH**

BRIEF OVERVIEW

HEA 1309 provides three new provisions to the Indiana Code including: 1) an exemption from “food establishment requirements” in IC 16-18-2-137 for certain vendors of farmers markets and roadside stands that prepare and sell foods, 2) adds the term “potentially hazardous foods” (PHFs) to IC 16-18-2-287.8, and 3) adds a section on sanitary requirements for food establishments as new section IC 16-42-5-29. Most of the questions we are receiving in the state are related to the preparation and sale of food products from “Home Based Vendors” (HBV). The requirement for HBVs is that the food product is prepared at the vendor’s primary residence. Under the new act, HBVs are NOT considered retail food establishments (such as restaurants, convenience stores, or grocery stores) and are exempt from many of the regulations for retail food establishments such as registration, licensing, and health department inspection. One of the important goals of HEA 1309 is to allow for the safe production and sale of certain foods that do not present an appreciable public health risk and to not allow for the production and sale of foods that may create a public health risk, also called “potentially hazardous foods,” or PHFs.

EXAMPLES OF FOODS THAT CAN BE AND CANNOT BE SOLD BY HBV

An important provision in HEA 1309 is to not allow for PHFs to be sold. The most basic definition of a PHF is a food that contains conditions (food ingredients, packaging, and/or storage) that allows disease-causing bacteria to grow, potentially leading to human illness. While the growth of bacteria in foods can be impacted by a number of factors, two of the most important factors are product acidity (measured by pH) and product moisture (measured by water activity). Foods that have an acidity value of pH greater than 4.6 AND a water activity greater than 0.85, allow disease-causing bacteria to grow. Conversely, foods that have a pH equal to or less than 4.6 OR have a water activity equal to or less than 0.85, are not considered PHFs. Table 1 (next page) provides some examples about what foods can be sold (non-PHF) and foods that may NOT be sold (PHFs) by HBVs. This list is by no means comprehensive of all of the products that we may find at farmers’ markets and roadside stands. If you have specific questions about your product, you should contact your local health department and/or have your product evaluated by an outside expert/consultant.

WHERE CAN FOODS PREPARED BY HBVs BE SOLD?

Foods prepared by HBVs may only sell their foods at farmers’ markets and roadside stands. HBV foods may not be sold at any other venue including retail food establishments (foodservice, restaurants, and grocery stores), festivals, carnivals, or any other event.

LABELING REQUIREMENTS OF FOODS PRODUCED BY HBVs

All HBV foods that are formulated and prepared must be labeled as “This product is home produced and processed and the production area has not been inspected by the State Department of Health.” Labels must contain other information such as the name of the food product, ingredients, net weight and volume, and date at which the product was process Contact Resources for Foods Produced by HBVs.

There are four important sources of resources that can provide help for questions related to HBV produced foods.

PRODUCT LIABILITY FOR FOODS PRODUCED BY HBVs

Certainly, product liability is an important question for foods produced by HBVs. Because these foods are not inspected by regulatory agencies, liability insurance may be difficult to obtain. HBVs are advised to contact their legal counsel and/or insurance provider for advice on product liability issues.



Table 1. Examples of Foods that May Be and May Not Be Sold by HBVs. (This table has been modified to reflect local changes. This list is not all inclusive.)

Food Type	Foods that May Be Sold	Foods that May Not Be Sold
Baked Goods	Cookies, cakes, fruit pies, cupcakes, bars, yeast breads, fruit breads, baguettes	Foods that contain meat, poultry, aquatic animals, non-baked dairy (cheese, butter, yogurt), non-baked egg containing products and whole eggs
Candies and Confections	Caramels, chocolate, fudge, peanut brittle, chocolate covered fruits, buckeyes, chocolate covered nuts	
Fruit and Vegetables	<p>Unprocessed, whole and uncut fruits and vegetable such as strawberries, blueberries, corn, lettuce, green beans, peppers, etc.</p> <p>Fruit-based jams and jellies² (made from strawberries, blueberries, grapes, raspberries, blackberries, etc. with sugar only)</p> <p>Microgreens</p> <p>Fermented pickles that do not require acidification and do not require refrigeration. (Must not be in oxygen sealed container)</p> <p>Persimmons and frozen persimmons pulp.</p> <p>Various freeze-dried & dehydrated fruits*</p> <p>Fruit juice² drinks or ice pops</p>	<p>Canned products that are shelf-stable and in hermetically sealed containers such as salsas, chutney, chow-chow, and canned vegetables.</p> <p>Pickled vegetables (beets, pickles) that are shelf-stable.</p> <p>Cut tomatoes and cut melons.</p> <p>Garlic in oil mixtures, herb and oil mixtures.</p> <p>Raw seed sprouts. (e.g., alfalfa sprouts)</p> <p>Fruit butters and Low acid jellies² (e.g., pumpkin, jalapeño)</p> <p>Freeze-dried & dehydrated tomatoes & melons</p> <p>Acidified foods cannot be sold.</p>
Meat, Poultry, Eggs, and Seafood	<p>Frozen meats¹</p> <p>Fresh eggs¹ (requires ISEB)</p> <p>Frozen poultry³ & rabbits</p> <p>Live fish</p>	Canned products that are shelf-stable an in hermetically sealed containers such as canned vegetables, canned meats, and canned seafood.
Tree nuts and legumes	Peanuts, almonds, cashews, walnuts, pistachios, etc.	
Beverages ¹	Carbonated beverages, unadulterated juices from acidic fruits and vegetables ²	Juices from low acid foods.
Syrups	Honey, molasses, sorghum, maple syrup	

1. A permit is required by Indiana and/or the Dubois County Health Department. 2. Must have a pH <= 4.6. 3. Less than 1,000/year

CONTACT RESOURCES FOR FOODS PRODUCED BY HBVs

Contact your local health department at 812-481-7055 for answers to questions.

2022 FARMERS' MARKET CRAFTS ADDENDUM

Anyone that has regularly visited the market can attest to how much we have grown in the last several years. That brings new concerns as new vendors want to enter the market.

The latest concern, for lack of a better term, will be referred to as provenance. Much like we do our best to guarantee our produce and food vendors are growing and/or making their goods, the same effort must be directed at our crafts.

With technology greatly enhancing our ability to easily reproduce what previously took some craftsmanship, it has become necessary for the market to introduce some guidelines for crafts that will secure the integrity and provenance of crafts being sold at the market.

The guidelines set forth should not affect any craft products currently sold at the market. The guidelines being adopted are addressing future scenarios and are mainly focused on securing provenance through originality.

REVIEWING WHAT IS CURRENTLY ALLOWED

As it is, there is very little that has been prohibited with our crafts as long as some assembly required some form of creativity or skill or patience.

For example, a necklace where a crafter strings multiple purchased beads with a purchased pendant is allowed. This is also known as "the line." A vendor simply stringing a purchased pendant onto a purchased necklace is not allowed.

While this may seem like an arbitrary line to draw, it is a line that must be drawn, and is a line that even our youngest vendors can meet.

This guideline attempts to address specific technology outlining what is and is not allowed. Much of what is below has always been true if never put to print.

VINYL CUTTING

Cricut, Silhouette, and Brother have made creating products with vinyl cut stickers (e.g., t-shirts, wood plaques) very popular and those products with applied stickers are allowed to be sold regardless of the originality of the vinyl cut design.

However, unapplied vinyl cut stickers that are often sold separately as car window stickers or laptop stickers are prohibited UNLESS it is an original design available only to the vendor.

The reason, aside from wanting originality, is to avoid the possibility of anyone coming to the market after purchasing hundreds of stickers of "Calvin peeing on Ford/Chevy" and just selling them. As mentioned earlier, provenance is the concern.

EMBROIDERY

Embroidery machines, while very advanced, still require a non-trivial amount of work to create multiple items. Nothing embroidered by the vendor is currently prohibited. However, items such as patches which are sold separately should strive for originality.

As mentioned, provenance may become a concern as it would be very easy to just buy hundreds of patches. I do foresee a time when unoriginal patches will be prohibited.

HEAT PRESS PRINTING, VINYL COLOR PRINTING, DTG PRINTING, INFUSIBLE INK & SUBLIMATION

All products using heat press printing, vinyl color printing, direct-to-garment printing, infusible ink or sublimation must use original artwork, photos, or designs. Vendors are not prohibited from having someone else create original artwork or take photos for them to reproduce; however, the artwork must be only for the vendor to reproduce

The reason for this is due to the ease of reproduction of non-original artwork regardless of the source or copyright. The goal is to prevent multiple vendors all selling what is essentially the same products as well a guarantee that provenance is with the Vendor.

Exceptions to this require that the unoriginal artwork be only a portion of the created product. For example, a handmade tie-dye t-shirt with an unoriginal artwork directly printed to the garment. Another example is a t-shirt combining multiple unoriginal assets to create an original design.

However, once original designs under this exception that are too easily reproduced or become widely reproduced will be prohibited (e.g., T-Shirts with Calvin peeing on Tesla instead of Ford or Chevy).

ORIGINAL ARTWORK

All original artwork, photos, literature *by a vendor* is allowed reproduction in any medium and does NOT require the vendor to have done the labor. Note this creation must have been done by the vendor not commissioned by the vendor.

Some examples:

1. An author does not need to have bound their books being sold.
2. A photographer does not need to have framed their photo being sold.
3. An artist does not need to have made the t-shirt featuring their artwork.
4. An artist does not need to have cut the vinyl featuring their design.

NO WEAPONS

Regardless, of what it looks like or transforms in to, no weapons may be sold at the market. This is for liability reasons.

SUMMARY

In short, the goal is to ensure the integrity of our crafts by making certain the crafts are selling skill or creativity.

By requiring certain technologies only be used toward original designs, shoppers become more confident in the provenance of the craft.

2022 JASPER FARMERS' MARKET VENDOR AGREEMENT

COVENANT NOT TO SUE

The vendor will not institute an action or suit at law or in equity against the City of Jasper, its employees, board members, elected or appointed officials, officers, the GDJBA, any GDJBA member, or any Farmers' Market Committee Member, as a result of operations under this agreement. The Vendor will not aid in the institution of prosecution of any claim for damages, costs, loss of services, expenses, or compensations for or an account of any damages, loss, or injury to person or property as a result of operation under this agreement.

LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION

Vendor is solely responsible for damages resulting from the sale of unsafe or unsound goods. Vendor is solely responsible for damages or personal injury resulting from the use of umbrellas and other weather protection devices. The vendor hereby agrees to indemnify, hold harmless, release, waive and forever discharge the City of Jasper, Indiana, its employees, its boards, elected and appointed officials, the members of the Farmers' Market Committee, and the members of the Greater Downtown Jasper Business Association for all bodily and personal injuries, including injuries resulting in death, and property damage, claims, actions, damages, liabilities and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees and court costs, which may occur as a result of Vendor's participation in the Farmers' Market, whether or not sounding in tort of contract, and whether or not caused by a negligent act or omission of the City of Jasper, its employees, its boards, elected and appointed officials, GDJBA members, or Farmers' Market Committee members.

VENDOR AGREEMENT STATEMENT

By signing the Vendor Agreement, the vendor certifies that he/she read, understood, and intends to adhere to all rules and guidelines as stated in the current Jasper Farmers' Market Rules and Guidelines. The vendor further understands that should he/she fail to comply with these guidelines, his/her participation in the Jasper Farmers' Market will be terminated. Finally, the vendor also agrees to permit the publication of photos taken during the Jasper Farmer's Market.

This agreement is effective upon approval of Market staff and signature by Vendor and Market committee member.

Do you want your phone number(s) made available to someone who may ask for it? Y / N

Vendor Name: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ **Zip:** _____

Phone: _____

Email: _____

All items being sold: _____

Vendor Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

Last year's season and frequent vendors will get priority for their previous space.

For Office Use Only: Seasonal ____ Youth Market ____ Fundraiser ____ Weekly ____

Signature of Market Committee Member or GDJBA Member _____